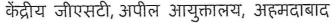


## आयुक्त (अपील) का कार्यालय, Office of the Commissioner (Appeal),



Central GST, Appeal Commissionerate, Ahmedabad जीएसटी भवन, राजस्व मार्ग, अम्बावाड़ी अहमदाबाद ३८००१५.

CGST Bhavan, Revenue Marg, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad 380015 . 07926305065-टेलेफैक्स07926305136



DIN- 20231264SW0000515365

रजिस्टर्ड डाक ए.डी. द्वारा

- फाइल संख्या File No : <u>GAPPL/ADC/GSTP/3276/2023 -APPEAL</u> / 93% u & 9
- अपील आदेश संख्या Order-In-Appeal Nos. AHM-CGST-001-APP-JC- 157 /2023-24 दिनांक Date: 22.11.2023 जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue: 01.12.2023 श्री आदेश कुमार जैन संयुक्त आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारित Passed by Shri Adesh Kumar Jain, Joint Commissioner (Appeals)
- Arising out of Order-in-Original No. ZA240323050358S dated 10.03.2023 issued by The Superintendent, CGST Ahmedabad.
- अपीलकर्ता का नाम एवं पता Name & Address of the Appellant / Respondent घ

Appellant	Respondent
M/s Shree Financial Service	The Superintendent, CGST Ahmedabad
(Legal Name: Trivedi Naimish	
Upendrabhai), B-4, Manorath Apartment,	
Near Chunilal Park, Naranpura,	
Ahmedabad, Gujarat, 380013	

इस आदेश(अपील) से व्यथित कोई व्यक्ति निम्नलिखित तरीके में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी / प्राधिकरण के समक्ष अपील दायर कर सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal to the appropriate authority in the following way.

National Bench or Regional Bench of Appellate Tribunal framed under GST Act/CGST Act in the cases where one of the issues involved relates to place of supply as per Section 109(5) of CGST Act, 2017.

State Bench or Area Bench of Appellate Tribunal framed under GST Act/CGST Act other than as mentioned in para- ( $\Lambda$ )(i) above in terms of Section 1.09(7) of CGST Act, 2017

Appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed as prescribed under Rule 110 of CGST Rules, 2017 and shall be accompanied with a fee of Rs. One Thousand for every Rs. One Lakh of Tax or Input Tax Credit involved or the difference in Tax or Input Tax Credit involved or the amount of fine, fee or penalty determined in the order appealed against, subject to a maximum of Rs. Twenty-Five Thousand.

Appeal under Section 112(1) of CGST Act, 2017 to Appellate Tribunal shall be filed along with relevant documents either electronically or as may be notified by the Registrar, Appellate Tribunal in FORM GST APL-05, on common portal as prescribed under Rule 110 of CGST Rules, 2017, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against within seven days of filing FORM GST APL-05 online.

Appeal to be filed before Appellate Tribunal under Section 112(8) of the CGST Act, 2017 after paying

 (i) Full amount of Tax, Interest, Fine, Fee and Penalty arising from the impugned order, as is admitted/accepted by the appellant, and
 (ii) A sum equal to twenty five per cent of the remaining amount of Tax in dispute, in addition to the amount paid under Section 107(6) of CGST Act, 2017, arising from the said order, in relation to which the appeal has been filed.

The Central Goods & Service Tax ( Ninth Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2019 dated 03.12.2019 has provided that the appeal to tribunal can be made within three months from the date of communication of Order or date on which the President or the State President, as the case may be, of the Appellate Tribunal enters office, whichever is later.

उच्च अपीलीय प्राधिकारी को अपील दाखिल करने से संबंधित व्यापक, विस्तृत और नवीनतम प्रावधानों के लिए, अपीलार्थी विभागीय वेबसाइटwww.cbic.gov.in को देख सकते हैं।

and latest provisions relating to filing of appeal to the appellate authority, the For elaborate, detailed appellant may refer to the



(i) :

(ii)

(iii)

(B)

(i)



## ORDER IN APPEAL

## Brief Facts of the Case :-

This appeal has been filed under Section 107 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") by M/s. Shree Financial Service (Legal Name - Trivedi Naimish Upendrabhai), B-4, Manorath Apartment, Nr. Chunilal Park, Naranpura, Ahmedabad - 380013 (hereinafter referred to as "Appellant") against the Order No. ZA2403230503585 dated 10.03.2023 (hereinafter referred to as "Impugned Order") passed by the Superintendent, CGST, Ahmedabad (hereinafter referred to as "the Adjudicating Authority/Proper Officer").

2. Facts of the case, in brief, are that the appellant is registered under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 vide GST Registration GSTIN 24ABMPT9169Q1ZF. A Show Cause Notice dated 08.11.2022 was issued to the appellant, wherein it was proposed that registration is liable to be cancelled for the reasons of failure to furnish returns for a continuous period of six months.

Thereafter, the registration was cancelled vide *impugned order* and direction to appellant to pay all their liabilities of pending tax, interest, penalty, fee, fine or provided of the dues, if any and other legal liabilities, if any, in terms of Section (29)(\$130. (5)) of CGST Act, 2017; to file their final return in form GSTR-10 within and the from the date of cancellation; and advised to file all returns not filed and apply for revocation to Divisional AC/DC by login from System after payment of all tax, late fee and interest etc. The appellant's registration was cancelled with effect from 21.07.2022.

3. The appellant filed their request for revocation with condonation of delay on 05.04.2023 to the proper officer. A show cause notice dated 26.06.2023 was issued to them stating that the reasons assigned by them has not been found sufficient to condone the delay reasoning that "they have not filed returns upto the date of cancellation", with an opportunity of personal hearing on 30.06.2023. Thereupon the adjudicating authority rejected the revocation application vide his order dated 26.07.2023 on the following grounds;

"TP not attended PH on given date and time. TP has not submitted any response on Portal also. Hence as AC Division recommended for rejection. Accordingly rejected".

- 4. Being aggrieved with the *impugned order* dated 10.03.2023 and 16.07.2023 the *appellant* has preferred the present appeal on 10.10.2023. In the appeal memo the appellant has submitted that –
- (i) that they had filed online application for revocation of cancellation of GST registration on GST portal; that they are filing pending GSTR-3B with

penalty and tax and assured that if their registration is restored, they would file all the GST returns with applicable duties, interest and penalty in future within the prescribed time limit and prayed for revocation of their cancellation of GST registration.

5. Personal Hearing in the matter was held on 20.11.2023 wherein Mr. Naimish Trivedi, Proprietor appeared before me and stated that their CA failed to file returns and also not filed appeal in time. Since no tax liability pending, therefore no dues are payable. In view of the above requested to allow appeal and condone delay.

## DISCISSIONS & FINDINGS

6. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case and appeal memorandum/grounds of appeal. In the instant matter as per the APL-01, it is mentioned that the appeal is filed against OIO No. ZA240723102426W dated 16.07.2023. The appellant vide his letter dated nil received by this office on 08.11.2023 informed that due to printing mistake they had mentioned the OIO number wrongly and their appeal is against OIO No. ZA2403230503585 dated 10.03.2023 and not against OIO dated 16.07.2023. Therefore, first of all, I would like to take up the issue of filing the appeal and before deciding the issue of filing the appeal on merits, it is imperative that the statutory provisions be gone through, which are reproduced, below:

SECTION 107. Appeals to Appellate Authority. — (1) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under this Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act by an adjudicating authority may appeal to such Appellate Authority as may be prescribed within three months from the date on which the said decision or order is communicated to such person.

(2) ......

एवं सेवाक

- (4) The Appellate Authority may, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal within the aforesaid period of three months or six months, as the case may be, allow it to be presented within a further period of one month.
- I observed that in the instant case that as against the impugned order of dated 10.03.2023, the appeal has been filed on 10.10.2023 i.e. appeal filed by delay from the normal period prescribed under Section 107(1) of the CGST Act, 2017. I find that though the delay in filing the appeal is condonable only for a further period of one month provided that the appealant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal is shown and the delay of more than one month is not condonable under the provisions of sub section (4) of Section 107 of the Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017.

- 8. In the present matter, the "impugned order" and date of communication of order is of 10.03.2023 so, the normal appeal period of three months was available up to 09.06.2023 whereas, the present appeal is filed on 10.10.23. Accordingly, in view of foregoing I find that the present appeal is filed beyond the time limit as prescribed under Section 107(1) of the CGST Act, 2017. Further, looking to the provisions of condonation of delay, I observed that even after condoning delay of filing of appeal for a further period of one month as per provisions of sub section (4) of Section 107 of the CGST Act, 2017 the last date for filing of appeal comes on 09.07.2023, whereas the present appeal is filed on 10.10.2023.
- 9. In view of foregoing, I find that the present appeal is filed beyond the time limit prescribed under the provisions of Section 107 of the CGST Act, 2017. Accordingly, I find that the further proceedings in case of present appeal can be taken up for consideration strictly as per the provisions contained in the CGST Act, 2017.
- I find that this appellate authority is a creature of the statute and has to act as per the provisions contained in the CGST Act. This suppellate authority, therefore, cannot condone delay beyond the period refinissible under the CGST Act. When the legislature has intended the appellate authority to entertain the appeal by condoning further delay of only one month, this appellate authority cannot go beyond the power vested by the legislature. My views are supported by the following case laws:
  - (i) The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of **Singh Enterprises** reported as 2008 (221) E.L.T.163 (S.C.) has held as under:
    - "8. ...The proviso to sub-section (1) of Section 35 makes the position crystal clear that the appellate authority has no power to allow the appeal to be presented beyond the period of 30 days. The language used makes the position clear that the legislature intended the appellate authority to entertain the appeal by condoning delay only upto 30 days after the expiry of 60 days which is the normal period for preferring appeal. Therefore, there is complete exclusion of Section 5 of the Limitation Act. The Commissioner and the High Court were therefore justified in holding that there was no power to condone the delay after the expiry of 30 days period."

- In the case of Makjai Laboratories Pvt Ltd reported as 2011 (274) E.L.T. (ii) 48 (Bom.), the Hon'ble Bombay High Court held that the Commissioner (Appeals) cannot condone delay beyond further period of 30 days from initial period of 60 days and that provisions of Limitation Act, 1963 is not applicable in such cases as Commissioner (Appeals) is not a Court.
- The Hon'ble High Court of Delhi in the case of Delta Impex reported as (iii) 2004 (173) E.L.T. 449 (Del) held that the Appellate authority has no jurisdiction to extend limitation even in a "suitable" case for a further period of more than thirty days.
- I find that the provisions of Section 107 of the Central Goods and 11. Services Tax Act, 2017 are pari materia with the provisions of Section 85 of the Finance Act, 1994 and Section 35 of the Central Excise Act, 1944 and hence, the above judgments would be squarely applicable to the present appeal also.
- By following the above judgments, I hold that this appellate 12. authority cannot condone delay beyond further period of one month as prescribed under proviso to Section 107(4) of the Act. Thus, the appeal filed by the appellant is required to be dismissed on the grounds of limitation as not filed within the prescribed time limit in terms of the provisions of Section 107 of the CGST Act, 2017. I, accordingly, dismiss the present appeal.
- अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है। 13. The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.

(Adesh Kumár

Joint Commissioner (Appeals)

Date:

.11.2023

// Attested //

(Vijavalakshmi V)

Superintendent (Appeals)

By R.P.A.D.

Shree Financial Service B-4, Manorath Apartment, Nr. Chunilal Park, Naranpura Ahmedabad 380 013.

Copy to:

The Principal Chief Commissioner of Central Tax, Ahmedabad Zone.

- 2. The Commissioner, CGST & C. Ex., Appeals, Ahmedabad. 3. The Commissioner, CGST & C. Ex., Ahmedabad-South.
- 4. The Dy/Asstt. Commissioner, CGST & C. Ex., Ahmedabad-South.
  5. The Superintendent (Systems), CGST Appeals, Ahmedabad.
  Guard File.
- 7. P.A. File

